



VICTORIA

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 329]

THURSDAY, MAY 5.

[1949

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

PRICES REGULATION ORDER No. 51.

CEMENT—VICTORIA.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Regulation Order No. 51.

Revocation.

2. Prices Regulation Order No. 32 is hereby revoked.

Maximum Prices—Sales of Cement Manufactured by Goliath Portland Cement Co. Ltd.

3. I fix and declare the maximum price at which cement manufactured by Goliath Portland Cement Co. Ltd. may be sold in Victoria to be—

(a) in respect of sales for delivery c.i.f. Melbourne—

- (i) per ton, £6 3s. 6d.,
- (ii) per bag, 5s. 9½d.;

(b) in respect of sales other than for delivery c.i.f. Melbourne—the price fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order for the sale of the cement for delivery c.i.f. Melbourne, plus an amount equal to the current freight which would be payable for the transport of that cement by rail from Spencer-street Railway Station, Melbourne, to the railway station nearest to the point of delivery of that cement.

Maximum Prices—Other Sales.

4. I fix and declare the maximum price at which cement other than cement manufactured by Goliath Portland Cement Co. Ltd. may be sold in Victoria to be—

(a) in respect of sales for delivery f.o.r. Spencer-street Railway Station, Melbourne—

- (i) per ton, £5 10s. 3d.,
- (ii) per bag, 5s. 3½d.;

- (b) in respect of sales other than for delivery f.o.r. Spencer-street Railway Station, Melbourne, the price fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order for the sale of that cement for delivery f.o.r. Spencer-street Railway Station, Melbourne, plus an amount equal to the current freight which would be payable for the transport of that cement by rail from Spencer-street Railway Station, Melbourne, to the railway station nearest to the point of delivery of that cement.

Fixation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

5. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which cement specified in a notice given in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold in Victoria by any person to whom such notice is given, to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1949.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.

State of Victoria.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

PRICES REGULATION ORDER No. 52.

LIQUORS.

Ale, Beer, Lager, Stout, Porter, and any Mixtures thereof; or any Mixtures thereof with Aerated Waters.

Melbourne Metropolitan Area.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner for the State of Victoria, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Regulation Order No. 52.

Revocation.

2. Prices Regulation Order No. 1962, as amended by Prices Regulation Orders Nos. 2109 and 2961 and made under the Commonwealth National Security (Prices) Regulations, is hereby revoked.

Definitions.

3. In this Order and the Schedules thereto, unless the contrary intention appears—

- “Liquor or Liquors” means and includes ale, beer, lager, stout, porter, and any mixtures thereof; or any mixtures thereof with aerated waters.
- “Melbourne Metropolitan Area” means all that area of Victoria comprised within a radius of twenty miles from the General Post Office, Melbourne.
- “Oz.” means fluid ounce or ounces as the case may be.
- “4 oz. glass” means any glass or similar container containing 4 oz. or more but less than 7 oz.
- “7 oz. glass” or “Long glass” means any glass or similar container containing 7 oz. or more but less than 11 oz.
- “11 oz. pot” means any glass or similar container containing not less than 11 oz.
- “Reputed Pint” means 13 oz.
- “Reputed Quart” means 26 oz.
- “Nip” means 6½ oz.
- “Demi-nip” means 4½ oz.

Liquors Specified in the Schedule.

4. I fix and declare the maximum prices at which any liquors specified in the Schedules to this Order may be sold by retail in the Melbourne Metropolitan Area to be the prices specified therein.

Liquors in Schedules—Quantities not Specified.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any liquors specified in the Schedules to this Order may be sold in quantities other than those specified in the said Schedules to be the maximum price fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order for the next smaller quantity of such liquors specified in the said Schedules or if there is no smaller quantity specified then such price—calculated to the nearest downward half-penny—as is in the same proportion to the maximum price fixed for the next higher quantity as the quantity actually sold bears to the next higher quantity.

Sales in Dining-Room or Lounge.

6. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I fix and declare the maximum prices at which any liquors specified in the Schedules to this Order may be sold by any person in any dining-room or lounge on licensed premises in the Melbourne Metropolitan Area to be the prices specified in such Schedules plus an amount equal to the difference between such dining-room or lounge prices respectively lawfully charged by that person on 16th September, 1948, for any such liquors and the bar prices lawfully charged by that person for such liquors on such date. Provided that if in the case of any sale, by reason of the absence of records the difference between such dining-room or lounge prices and the bar prices at the 16th September, 1948, cannot be ascertained, the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply and such sale shall be deemed to have been made in the bar.

Non-Listed Liquors.

7. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any kind of liquor (together with any container supplied therewith) for the sale of which a maximum price is not fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order may be sold by any person in the Melbourne Metropolitan Area to be an amount computed at the rate of one half-penny for each fluid ounce of such liquor.

Fixation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

8. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any liquor specified in a notice given in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Exhibition of Price List.

9. Every person who sells or holds for sale by retail any liquors, a maximum price for the sale of which is fixed by the provisions of this Order, shall exhibit in a prominent position in his place of business, or if he has more than one place of business in each of his places of business and in each of the bars, dining-rooms, and lounges at such place or places of business, a notice or notices setting forth the maximum prices fixed by this Order for the sale by him of any kind and quantity of such liquors.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Sales by the Glass.

Liquors.	Maximum Price, Melbourne Metropolitan Area.
	s. d.
Draught Victorian Ales or Lagers (other than All Malt Ale)—	
11 oz. pot	0 8½
7 oz. glass	0 6
4 oz. glass	0 3½
Draught Victorian All Malt Ale—	
11 oz. pot	0 10½
7 oz. glass	0 8
4 oz. glass	0 4½
Bottled Victorian Ales, Stout, or Lager (other than All Malt Ale)—	
7 oz. glass	0 7
4 oz. glass	0 4
Bottled Victorian All Malt Ale—	
7 oz. glass	0 10
4 oz. glass	0 6

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Liquors.	Maximum Price, Melbourne Metropolitan Area.	
	s.	d.
Victorian Two Ales—		
11 oz. pot	0	8½
7 oz. glass	0	6
4 oz. glass	0	3½
Victorian Porter Gaff—		
11 oz. pot	0	8½
7 oz. glass	0	6
4 oz. glass	0	3½
Victorian Half and Half—		
11 oz. pot	0	9½
7 oz. glass	0	7
4 oz. glass	0	4½
Victorian Ale with dash of Stout—		
11 oz. pot	0	9
7 oz. glass	0	7
4 oz. glass	0	4
Victorian Ale Shandy Gaff—		
11 oz. pot	0	8½
7 oz. glass	0	6
4 oz. glass	0	3½
Viking's Head Stout—		
7 oz. glass	0	10
4 oz. glass	0	6
Abbot's Double Stout—		
7 oz. glass	0	10
4 oz. glass	0	6
Other Australian Ales and Stout—		
7 oz. glass	1	1
4 oz. glass	0	6
Imported Ales, Lagers, or Stouts—		
Allsop's Lager—		
5 oz. glass	1	1
Tennant's Pale Ale, Pilsner, or Strong Ale—		
5 oz. glass	1	1
Guinness' Stout—		
5 oz. glass	1	1

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

*Bottle Liquors Opened and Served for Consumption on the
Seller's Premises.*

Victorian Ale, Lager, Pilsner, or Stout (other than All Malt Ale, Viking, Stout, and Double Stout)—		
Reputed Quart	2	4
Reputed Pint	1	3½
Victorian All Malt Ale, Viking Stout, or Double Stout—		
Reputed Quart	2	7
Other Australian Ale, Lager, Pilsner, or Stout—		
Reputed Quart	2	7
Imported Ales, Stouts, and Lagers—		
Allsop's Lager—		
Reputed Quart	5	0
Reputed Pint	3	0

THE SECOND SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Liquors.	Maximum Price, Melbourne Metropolitan Area.
	s. d.
Bass Ale—	
Reputed Pint	3 0
Nip	2 0
Bulldog Beer—	
Reputed Pint	3 0
Jeffrey's Double Scotch Ale—	
Nip	2 2
Jeffrey's Highlander Strong Ale—	
Reputed Pint	3 3
MacNish Highland Ale—	
Reputed Pint	3 3
Simond's Pale Ale—	
Reputed Pint	2 10
Tennant's Pale Ale, Pilsner, or Strong Ale—	
Reputed Quart	5 0
Guinness' Stout—	
Reputed Pint	3 0
Nip	2 0
Demi-nip	1 7
Jeffrey's XXX Stout—	
Reputed Pint	3 0

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

Liquors—Draught.

Per 9 Gallons	68 0
Per Gallon	8 2
Per Half-gallon	4 1
Per Quarter-gallon	2 2
Per Reputed Quart	1 7
Per Reputed Pint	1 1

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Sales by the Bottle—Bottle Department.

Victorian Ales, Lager, Pilsner, or Stout (other than All Malt Ale, Crown Lager, Viking Stout, and Abbot's Double Stout)—	
Reputed Quart	1 7½
Reputed Pint	1 1½
Foster's Crown Lager—	
Reputed Quart	1 9½
Viking Head Stout—	
Reputed Quart	1 10½
Abbot's Double Stout—	
Reputed Quart	1 10½
Reputed Pint	1 3½
Australian Ales, Lager, and Stout (other than Victorian)—	
Cascade Ale or Stout—	
Reputed Quart	2 0
Other Australian Ales, Lagers, and Stouts—	
Reputed Quart	2 1

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Liquors.	Maximum Price, Melbourne Metropolitan Area.
	<i>s. d.</i>
Imported Ales, Lagers, and Stouts—	
Allsop's Lager—	
Reputed Quart	4 6
Reputed Pint	2 8
Bass Ale—	
Reputed Pint	2 8
Nip	1 9
Bulldog Beer—	
Reputed Pint	2 8
Jeffrey's Double Scotch Ale—	
Nip	1 11
Jeffrey's Highlander Strong Ale—	
Reputed Pint	2 10
MacNish Highland Ale—	
Reputed Pint	2 10
Simond's Pale Ale—	
Reputed Pint	2 6
Tennant's Pale Ale, Pilsner, or Strong Ale—	
Reputed Quart	4 6
Guinness' Stout—	
Reputed Pint	2 8
Nip	1 9
Demi-nip	1 4
Jeffrey's XXX Stout—	
Reputed Pint	2 8

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1949.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.



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THURSDAY, MAY 5.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE SHOPS BOARD No. 8 (DAIRY PRODUCE AND COOKED MEAT).

NOTE.—This Determination applies to the following parts of Victoria, namely:—The Metropolitan District as defined in the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) and the Orders in Council thereunder; the cities of Ballarat, Bendigo, Geelong, Geelong West, and Warrnambool; the town of Newtown and Chilwell; and the boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol.

[N accordance with the provisions of the *Factories and Shops Acts*, the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any persons employed in the trade of a seller of Dairy Produce or Cooked Meat," has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That as from the 5th April, 1949, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2. WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.

Apprentices or Improvers.		Other Employees.			
Males.	Females.	WAGES.	Within the Metropolitan District as defined in the <i>Factories and Shops Act 1928</i> (No. 3677).	All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.	
WAGES.	WAGES.	Males.	s. d.	s. d.	
Under 15 years of age	15 years of age or under .. .	Manager (i.e., the principal employee in any shop except a shop in which an owner or partner is working manager)	158 6	154 0	
15 years of age	16 years of age	* Travelling salesman	142 6	138 6	
16 years of age	17 years of age	All others	142 6	138 6	
17 years of age	18 years of age				
18 years of age	19 years of age	<i>Females.</i>			
19 years of age	20 years of age	Managers (i.e., principal employees in any shop where females only are employed, except a shop in which an owner or partner is working manager)—			
20 years of age		In charge of three or more assistants	122 6	118 0	
PROPORTION (in any shop or place).	PROPORTION (in any shop or place).	In charge of less than three assistants	111 3	108 0	
<i>Apprentices.</i>	<i>Apprentices.</i>	All others	94 6	92 3	
One apprentice to every three or fraction of three male workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	One apprentice to every three or fraction of three female workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.				
<i>Improvers.</i>	<i>Improvers.</i>				
One improver to first two or fraction of two, two to three; and thereafter one improver to every additional two male workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	One improver to first three or fraction of three, two to four; and thereafter one to every additional three female workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.				

* The hours of a Travelling salesman include time occupied in attending to horses or motor vehicles.

NOTE.—Section 109 of the "Factories and Shops Act 1928" (No. 3677) provides that a shopkeeper shall not charge any manager or assistant who is required to reside on the premises in connexion with the shop in which the business of such shopkeeper is carried on a greater sum as rent for such premises than ten shillings per week.

Section 176 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) provides that, where the provisions of a Determination of a Wages Board apply, a true copy of such Determination shall be posted in some conspicuous place in such a position as to be easily read by the persons employed therein. Penalty not exceeding £10.

Section 174 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) provides that where any person is employed to perform two or more classes of work to which a rate fixed by a wages board is applicable then such person shall be paid in respect of the time occupied in each class of work at the rate fixed by the Board for such work.

TIMES OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.
3. On Mondays to Fridays (inclusive)	9.5 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
On Saturdays	9.5 a.m.	Noon.

OVERTIME.

4. All time worked—
 (a) in excess of the number of hours fixed as a week's work,
 (b) outside the times of beginning and ending work,
 shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half.

TIME RATE.

5. Any person employed on time wages for less than the number of hours of an ordinary week's work shall for each hour worked up to one-half the number of hours fixed in this Determination for an ordinary week's work be paid at the ordinary wages rate with an addition of thirty-three and one-third per centum, and for each hour worked beyond the one-half aforesaid shall be paid the ordinary wages rate up to but not exceeding ordinary wages rates for an ordinary week's work.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

6. Except where the conduct of an employee justifies instant dismissal, or the period of continuous employment is one month or less, one week's notice of termination of employment shall be given on a Monday by either employer or employee, or one week's wages shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

ALLOWANCE.

7. Where, in conformity with the custom of the trade, an employee wears, when at work, a washable outer garment, the laundering of which is not paid for by the employer, such employee shall be paid 3s. per week if a male, and 2s. 6d. per week if a female, in addition to the ordinary rate.

SPECIAL RATES.

8. Double time shall be the special rate payable for all work done on Sunday, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, Show Day (in localities mentioned in the Twelfth Schedule to the *Public Service Act 1928*), Melbourne Cup Day (in the Metropolitan District as defined in the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) and the Order in Council thereunder), Christmas Day, Boxing Day and New Year's Day and treble time shall be the special rate for work done on Easter Saturday; but, if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

9. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946* (No. 5111), and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

(In his or her own interests each employer of labour should obtain a copy of the above Act, which may be purchased from the Government Printer, Melbourne, at a cost of 9d., plus postage.)

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

10. Payment of wages, including overtime, tea money, special rates, &c., shall be made not later than Thursday of each week, and during working hours.

MEAL INTERVALS.

11. All employees shall be allowed not less than one hour for a meal interval which must be taken between the hours of noon and 2 p.m., and not more than five hours shall be worked between meals. During such meal interval employees shall be allowed to leave the employer's premises.

NOTICE TO WORK OVERTIME.

12. At least 24 hours' notice shall be given when overtime is required to be worked.

TEA MONEY.

13. Any employee required to work overtime in excess of one hour beyond the usual time of ceasing work shall be paid not less than 2s. 6d. tea money in addition to the overtime rates as prescribed for in this Determination.
 Provided that such tea money shall not be payable when a meal is supplied by the employer.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RATION.

14. Where an employer, owing to slackness of trade, desires to ration his employees, he shall give at least seven days' notice to each employee of his intention to ration such employee.

BICYCLE ALLOWANCE.

15. Where an employer directs an employee to use his bicycle in the performance of his duties, such employee shall be paid an allowance at the rate of 3s. 6d. per week for such period as the bicycle is used.

REFERENCE.

16. On an employee being dismissed or leaving his or her employment he or she shall be entitled to and shall receive from the employer a reference stating the length of service, character, and qualifications. Such reference shall be given to the employee immediately on the termination of employment.

FARES.

17. Fares shall be paid by the employer to an employee who is required to work in more than one shop on the same day.

REST PERIOD.

18. An interval of ten minutes each morning and afternoon (Mondays to Fridays inclusive), shall be given as a rest period to all employees, and shall be counted as time worked.

SICK LEAVE.

19. (a) Any employee not attending for duty, who has had not less than twelve months' service with the same employer, shall not lose his or her pay for the actual time lost if such employee produces or forwards within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence evidence, satisfactory to the employer, that his or her non-attendance was due to personal ill health or accident necessitating such absence, but such employee shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the grounds of personal ill health or accident for more than six days in each year.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) hereof, if the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year, such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding 18 days, which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee may be entitled in any year of service without deduction of pay.

TIME AND WAGES RECORD.

20. Time and wages records showing the name of each employee, the hours worked by and the wages and overtime paid to each employee, shall be kept by the employer and completed weekly.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

21. The wages rates set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage rates, and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 21 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1934*, the Board hereby determines that the rates for adults provided for at a rate in excess of the Needs Basic Wage shall be automatically adjusted by the same amount and at the same time as such Basic Wage as prescribed in clause 22.

Provided that the wages of other employees shall be adjusted proportionately to adjustments of the basic wage, such adjustments to be to the nearest 3d., half or less than half of 3d. to be disregarded.

Basic Wage.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage. (Adjustable)	Loading Constant.	Total Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	
Within the area to which this Determination applies	5 17 0	6 0	6 3 0	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

22. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

(b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1949, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 21.

(c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a May, an August, a November, or a February, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor .087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach .5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

A. V. BARNES, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 5th April, 1949.

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3. Conclusion

4. Discussion

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